

A PRACTICAL GUIDE TO EXCEL IN NIGERIA'S AGRICULTURAL SECTOR





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Government of the Netherlands

Introduction



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Project Coordinator

Netherlands-African

Business Council

Moderator



A Brief overview of Nigeria's Agricultural Sector



Kabir Ademoh

Local Coordinator for Seeds for Change (S4C)

Netherlands-African

Business Council



Short quiz (true / false)

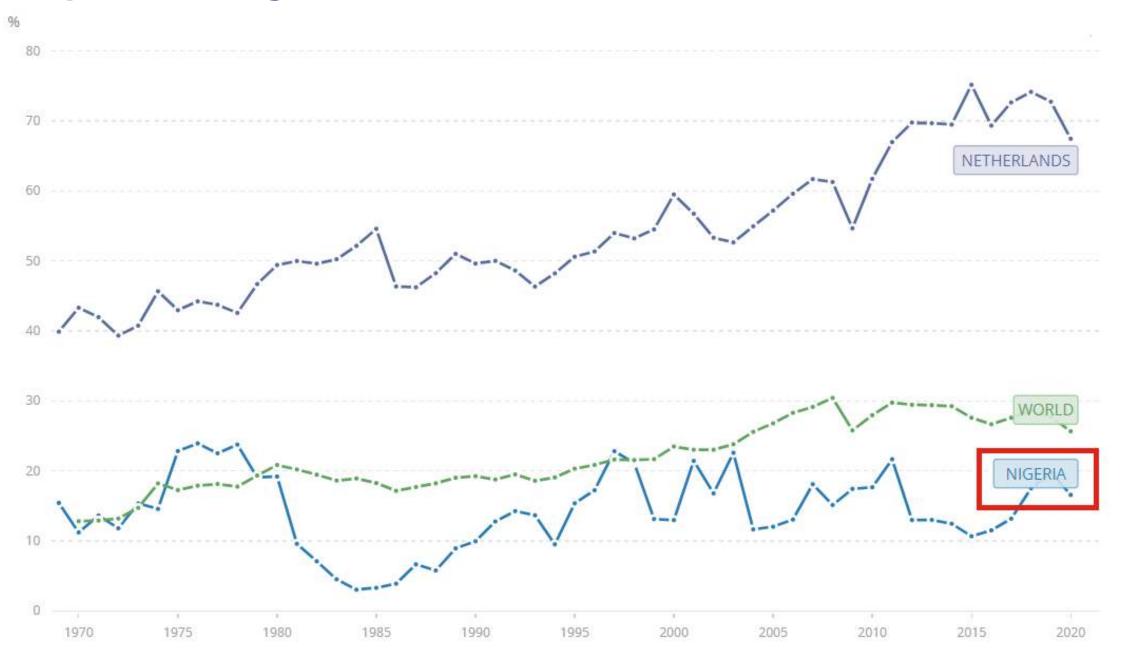
Q1: Nigeria is an import dependent nation = FALSE



Q1: Explanation



Imports of goods and services (% of GDP)



Nigeria: 16.6%

World: 25.7%

NL: 67.4%

Total export: \$53.6 B

Total import: \$47.4 B

But!

Agri import: \$4.8 B

Agri export: \$1.2 B

Source: The World Bank (2022)

Short quiz (true / false)

Q2: Modern inputs are not financed through formal credit

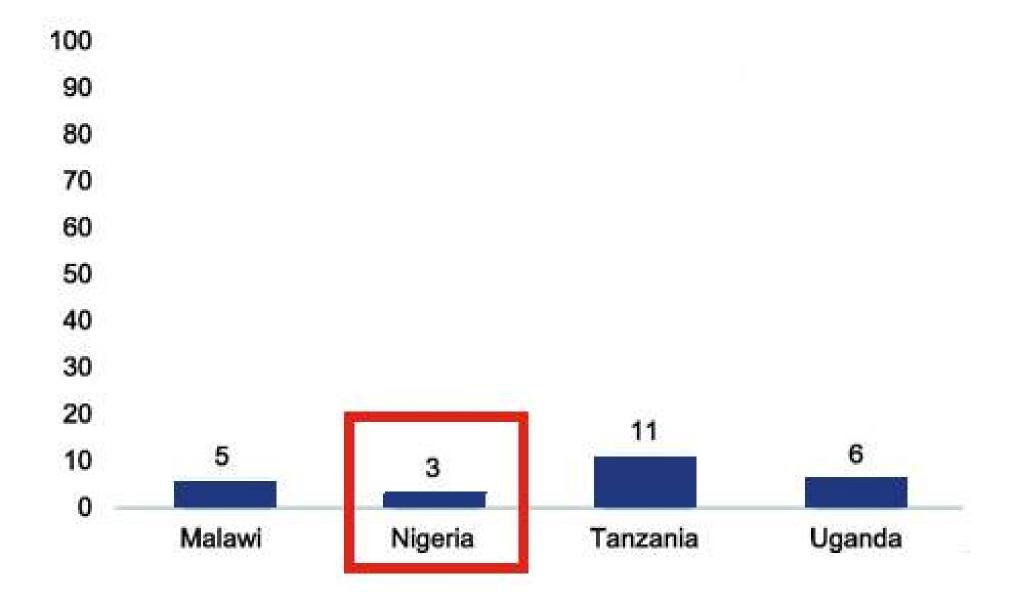
= TRUE



Q2: Explanation



Of those who bought external inputs, share of farmers buying on credit (%)



Source: Liverpool-Tasie et al. (2017)

Short quiz (true / false)

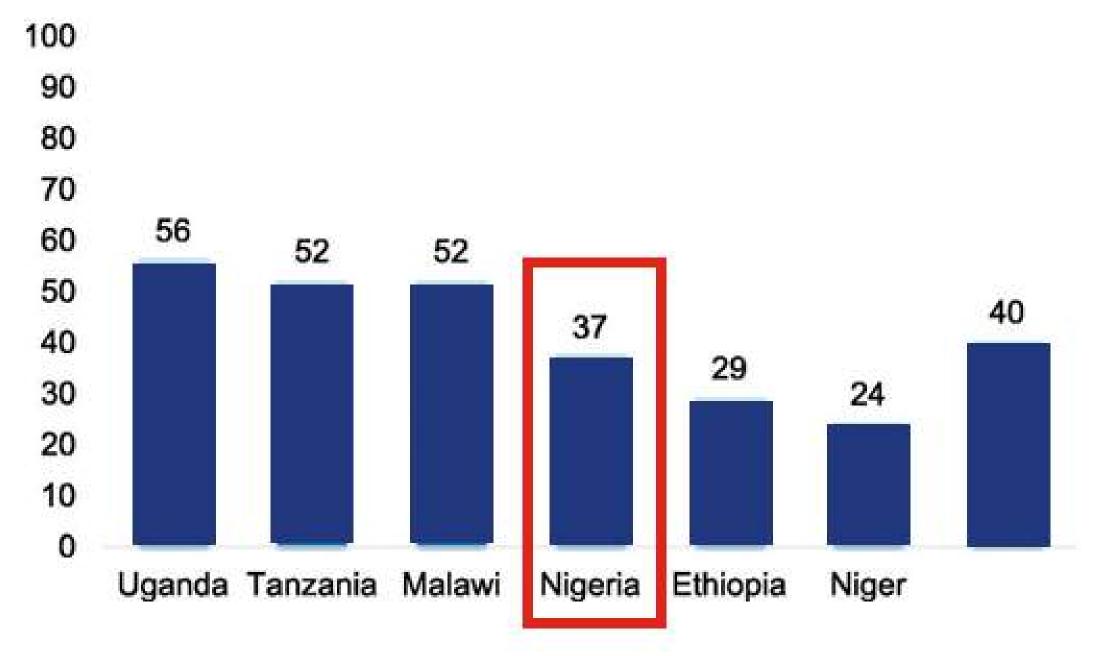
Q3: Women provide the bulk of labour in Nigeria's agricultural = MOSTLY NOT TRUE



Q3: Explanation



Female share of agricultural labour (%)



Nigeria: 37%

Northern regions: 32%

Southern regions: 51%

Source: Palacios-Lopez et al. (2017)

Nigeria at a glance

Giant of Africa: 206.1 inhabitants, Lagos = 15.4-23 M

Largest economy of Africa: \$432,3B, but GDP still half of the NL

NL ranks 3^{rd} as largest importing (\$4.9B), and 4^{th} as largest exporting (\$4.7B) country to Nigeria

Agriculture: 24% of GDP, 36% labour force, >80% smallholder farmers

4 main sectors: crop production (87,6%), fishing, livestock and forestry

Main export products: sesame seeds, cashew nuts, cocoa beans,

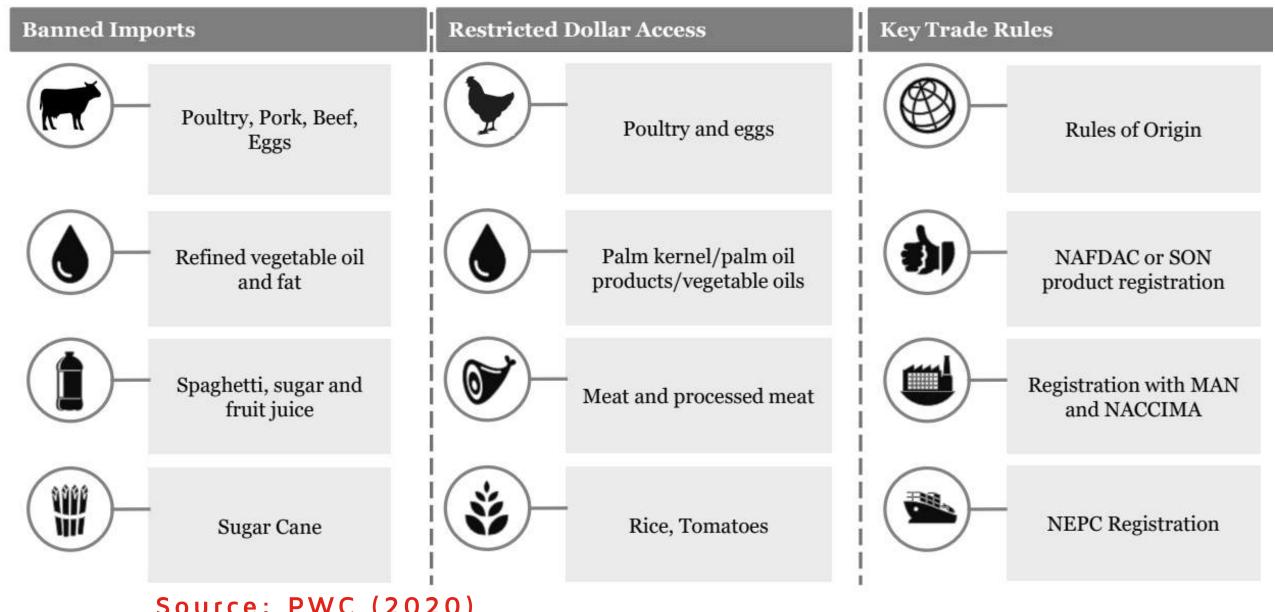
ginger, frozen shrimp & cotton

Main import products: wheat, sugar, fish & milk



Policy & legislation

Focused on increasing domestic production & self-sufficiency, often via trade regulation for import / limiting access to foreign currency



Source: PWC (2020)

Government incentives

- 1.5-year tax holiday for organizations involved in processing
- 2. Tax relief for agricultural research & development
- 3.Credit risk guarantee to aid access to credit facilities from Central Bank of Nigeria, Bank of Industry
- **4.0% import duties** for agricultural & agro-allied machinery & equipment
- **5.Trade liberalization scheme** (TLS) of the ECOWAS = access to all ECOWAS countries without paying for import duties

Main challenges



1. Resource shortage: shortage of seedlings & fertilizers



2. Outdated system of agriculture



3. Absence of value addition and supply chain linkages



\$\$\$\$ 4. Insufficient supply to meet population growth and

consumer demand



5. Lack of finance & infrastructure



6. Violent conflict



Some major opportunities

Production & sales of farm inputs

Food processing & preservation

Mechanization & tech development

Commodity trading

Logistics

Irrigation development

Training & certification

In practice: S4C Impact Cluster Nigeria

SEEDS FOR CHANGE: INVESTING IN FOOD SECURITY

- 1. Tomato
- 2. Onion
- 3. Cabbage
- 4. Watermelon
- 5. Pepper (sweet/hot)
- 6. Koppert biological crop
- 7. protection: micro-organisms improving soil quality (bio-fertilizers, bio-stimulants and other micro-organism)



Participating companies

















Programme objective

A thriving vegetables sector in Nigeria that is driven by use of Improved inputs (hybrid seeds and biological crop protection).

Target Group

Small, medium and large scale vegetable farmers in Kano region of Nigeria. Specifically tomato, onion, cabbage, watermelon and pepper farmers.

Approach

Trials and testing

- 5 ROUNDS OF TRIALS FOR TOMATO, CABBAGE, PEPPERS, WATERMELON & ONIONS
- TRIALS OF 55 NEW
 VARIETIES WITH 25
 VARIETIES IDENTIFIED
 FOR COMMERCIAL
 DEMONSTRATIONS

Demonstration project

- .- 60 DEMONSTRATION PLOTS PER CYCLE IN 3 YEARS
- 20% INCREASE IN WET SEASON VEGETABLE CULTIVATION
- 150% INCREASE IN PRODUCTIVITY OF TOMATO FARMERS ADOPTING HYBRID

Capacity building and Training

- 50,000 FARMERS ON FIELD TRAININGS (OFTS)
- -1750 MODEL FARMERS TRAINED ON GAP
- - SEED LAW
 COMPLIANCE
 WORKSHOPS WITH NASC
- HOSTED 6 SEED
 PLATFORM MEETINGS
 TO REUNITE KANO HORTI
 SECTOR

Knowledge transfer

- 4 LEARNING PLOTS
 ESTABLISHED AT
 KNOWLEDGE INSTITUTES
- -60 INTERNS TRAINED ON HORTICULTURAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP WITH MASTERCARD-IITA
- - OVER 1 MILLION LISTERNERS TUNED IN TO RADIO SERIES ON DALA FM
- 30 SUPERTRAINERS IN PARTNERSHIP WITH WUR

Foundation

Access to markets & finance: linking farmers to off-takers and innovative financiers

Partnership with local stakeholders such as Bayero University & Afri Agri (S4C trial sites) and 2SCALE for financial & market linkages

Unlocking Nigeria's Agricultural Potential How to Successfully turn Insects into Business



Marian Peters

CEO & Founder

New Nutrition Generation



Insect production:

- Small, simple & significant –

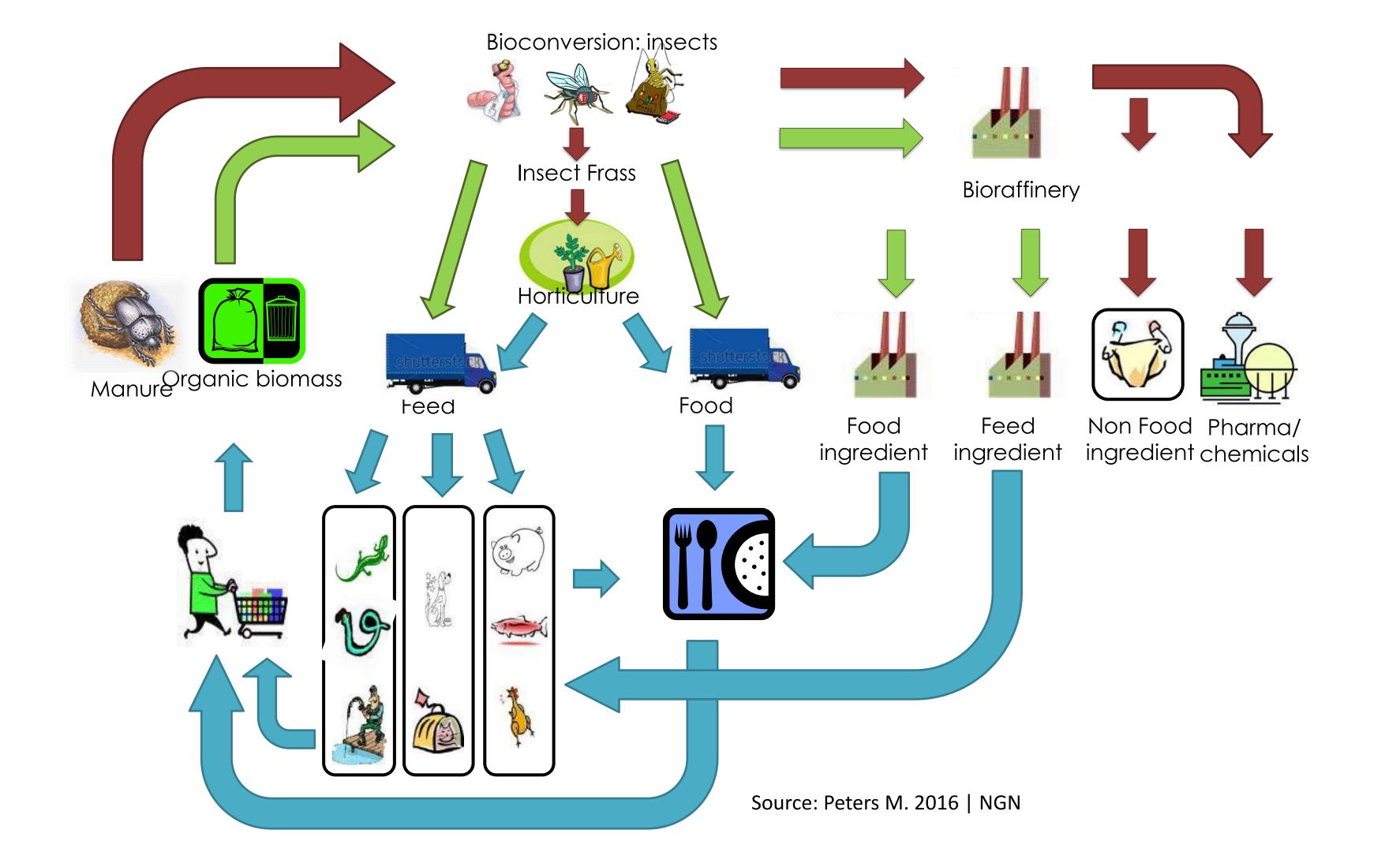
Marian Peters | NGN

Partnerships to create local ecosystems









(Agricultural) waste as substrate for insects or worms





Maggots & worms for feed:

using (agricultural/slaughter house) waste and sludge













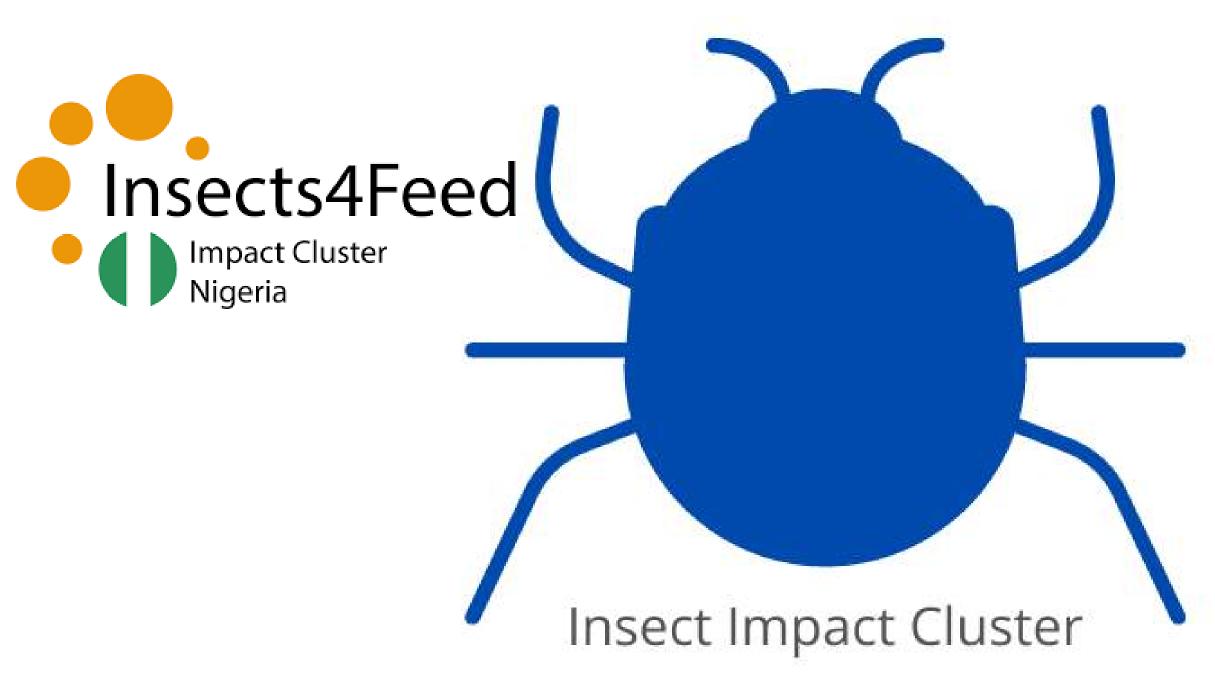
Crickets for food: using agricultural waste



Why Nigeria?

- Perfect climate (day/night)
- Insects are part of the diet for many Nigerians
- Need local production of alternative proteins
- Import prices currency fluctuation
- High feed prices
- Import ban artificial fertilizers
- Entrepreneurial attitude















Kick-starting insect entrepreneurship for sustainable agri-food chains https://insects4feed.org



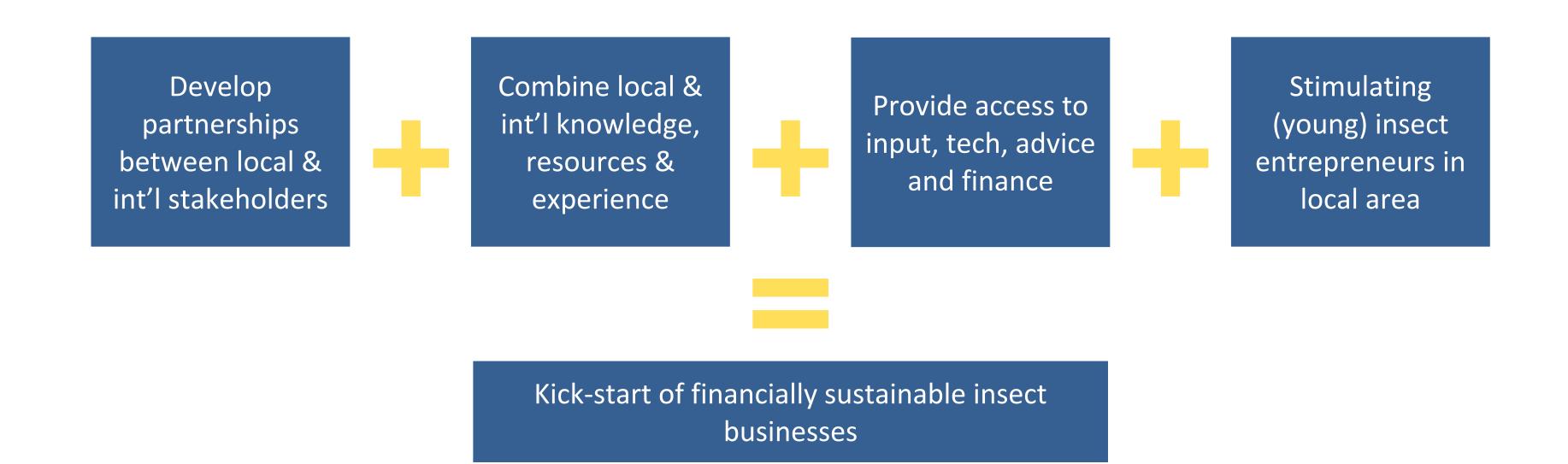






Insect Impact Clusters as a Sustainable Solution

The Impact Cluster mechanism is used as a basis to stimulate partnerships between local and international stakeholders over a 3 year period. This results in the planning and implementation of a fully financially-sustainable insect value chain in the target region.



The Impact Cluster Approach

To implement the cluster, activities are divided into 5 'horizons' the each cover a specific subject. Together, these horizons build the necessary knowledge, infrastructure and business mechanisms needed for a sustainable insect sector. The horizons feed into each other to create a financially sustainable flow of knowledge, support and turnover.



Horizon 1: Research



Horizon 2:
Business
Development



Horizon 3: Input Industry



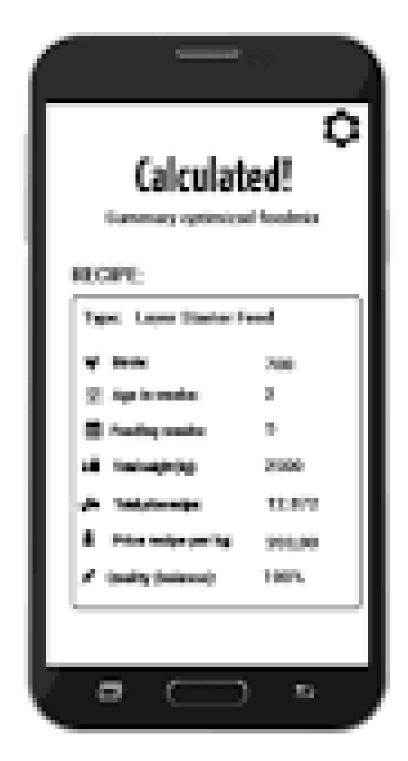
Horizon 4: Markets & Scaling

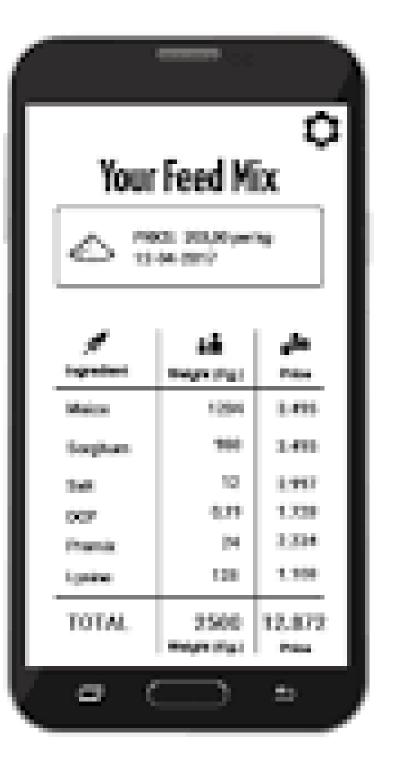


Horizon 5: Industry Development

Market entrance while scaling









The ecosystem: Where are we now?







UI: Insect Input Screening Center

UI:
Agricultural
Incubation
Center

IITA: Demo Farm

Flying Food













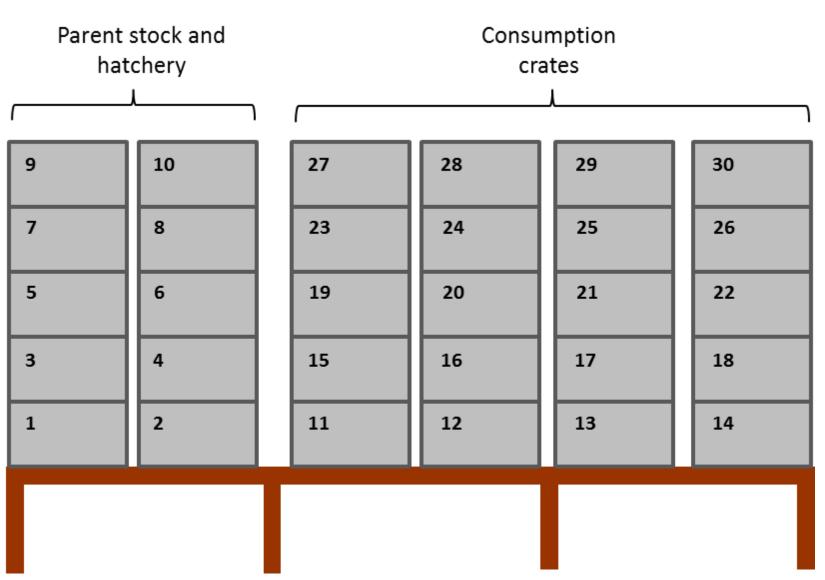




Rearing

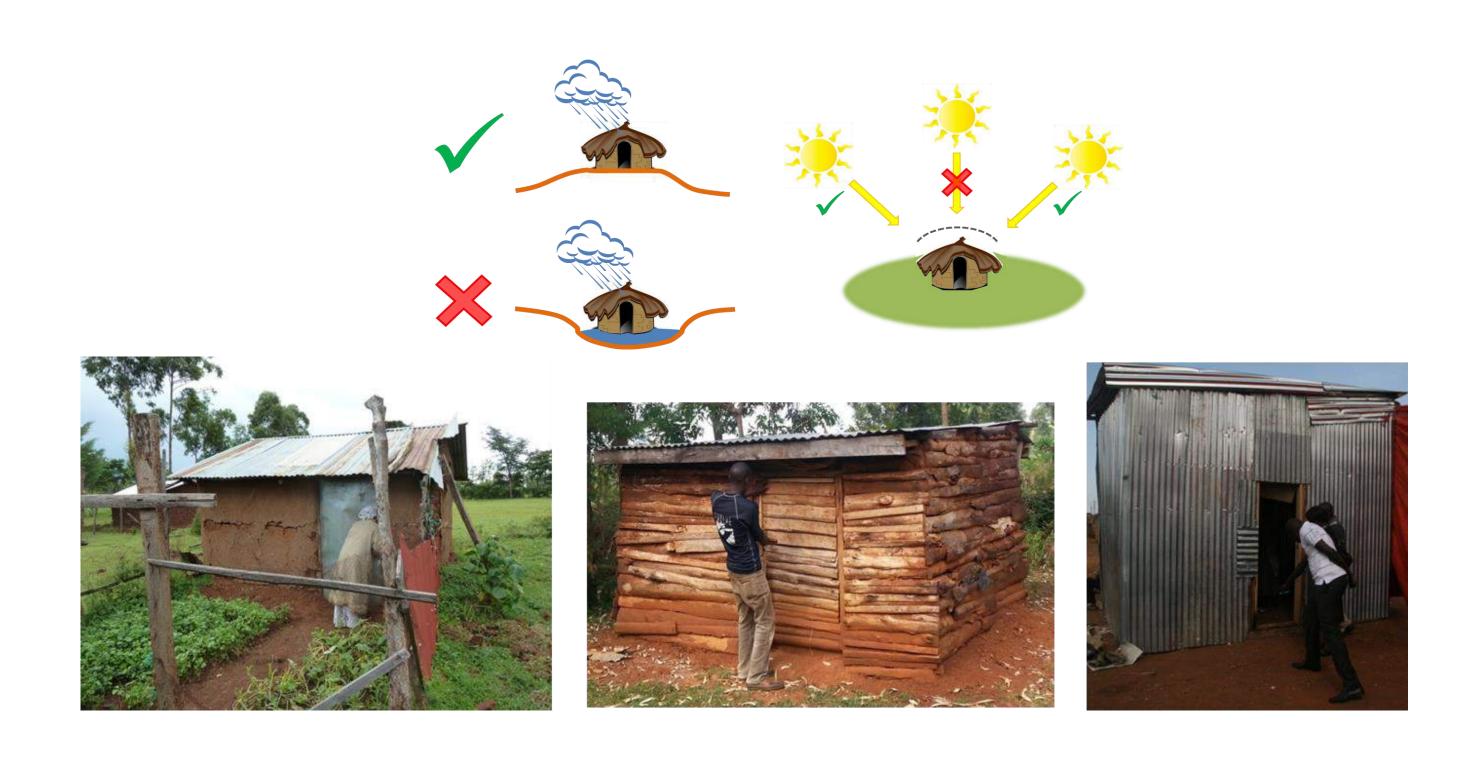


- Systematic, standardised production system (NL origin, adapted)
- 30 crates (smallest economically viable scale)
- 3-day procedure
- Small farmer can be self sustainable (parent stock and sales)

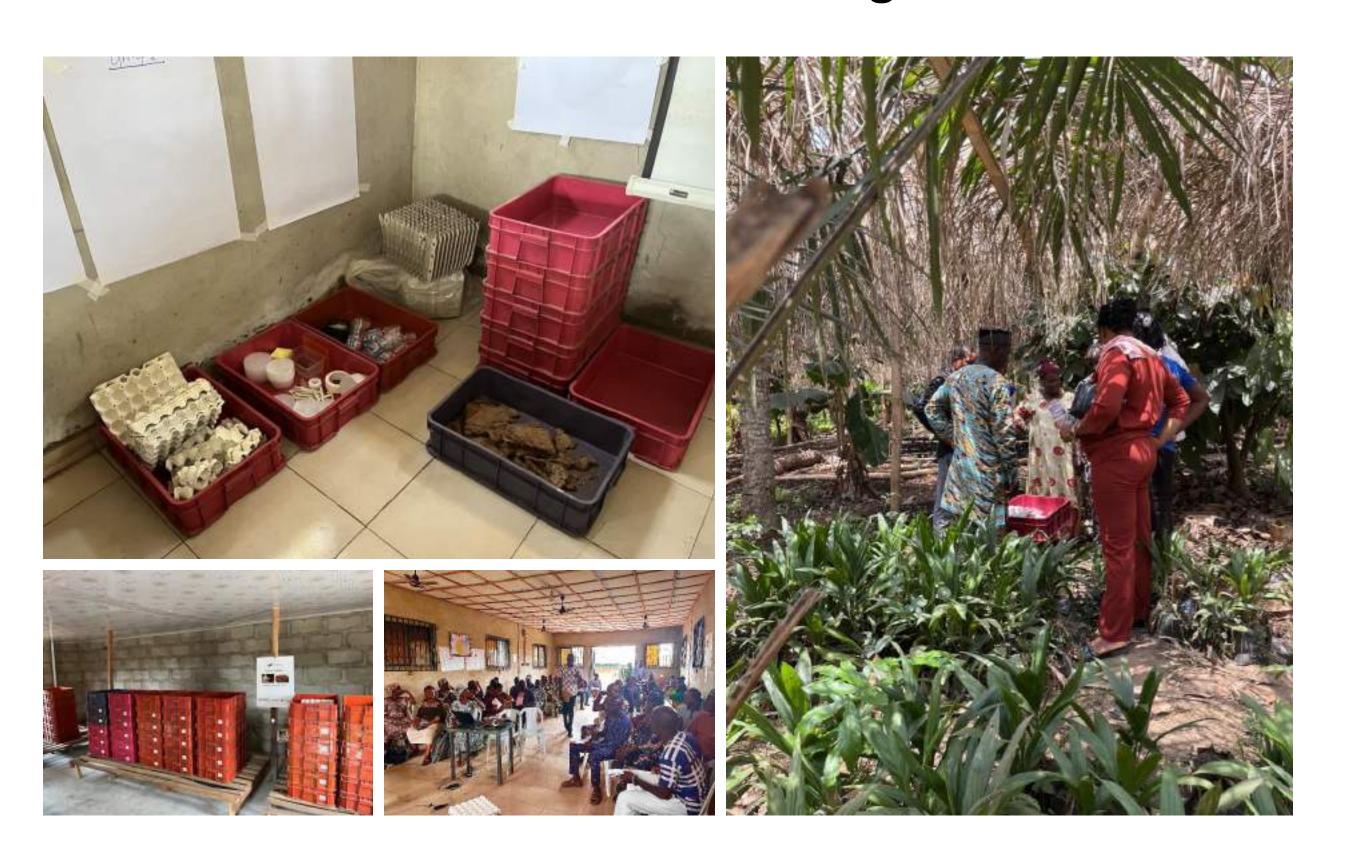




Rearing facilities (small holder farmers)



March 2022: Akure Nigeria







NAFDAC and the bakery









Thank you

CONCLUSION:

- SMALL, SIMPLE & SIGNIFICANT —



Panel



Marian Peters
CEO & Founder
New Generation
Nutrition



Rutger Groot
Chairman EWS Knowledge
Transfer Foundation &
Member Supervisory Board
EWS

East-West Seed



Kabir Ademoh
Local Coordinator S4C
NABC



How to increase your local foothold in Nigeria Lessons from EWS-KT



Rutger Groot

Chairman EWS Knowledge

Transfer Foundation &

Member Supervisory Board

EWS

East-West Seed





East-West Seed | Better Seeds for Better Yield



- One of the world's leading vegetable seed companies in Asia, rapidly expanding in Africa and Latin America
- Our mission is to provide innovative seeds and services that help improve the livelihoods of tropical vegetable farmers
- Develop and improve tropical vegetable varieties adapted to tropical markets, growing and weather conditions: 80 crops and 740 varieties



21 million farmers served worldwide

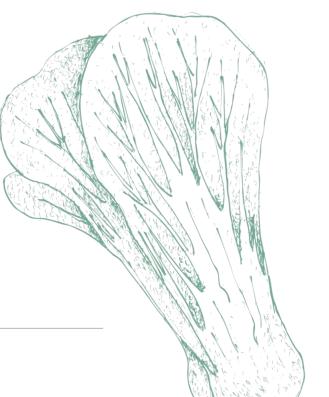


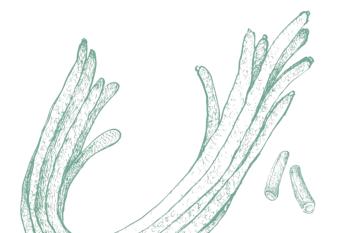




What do high quality seed bring to farmers?

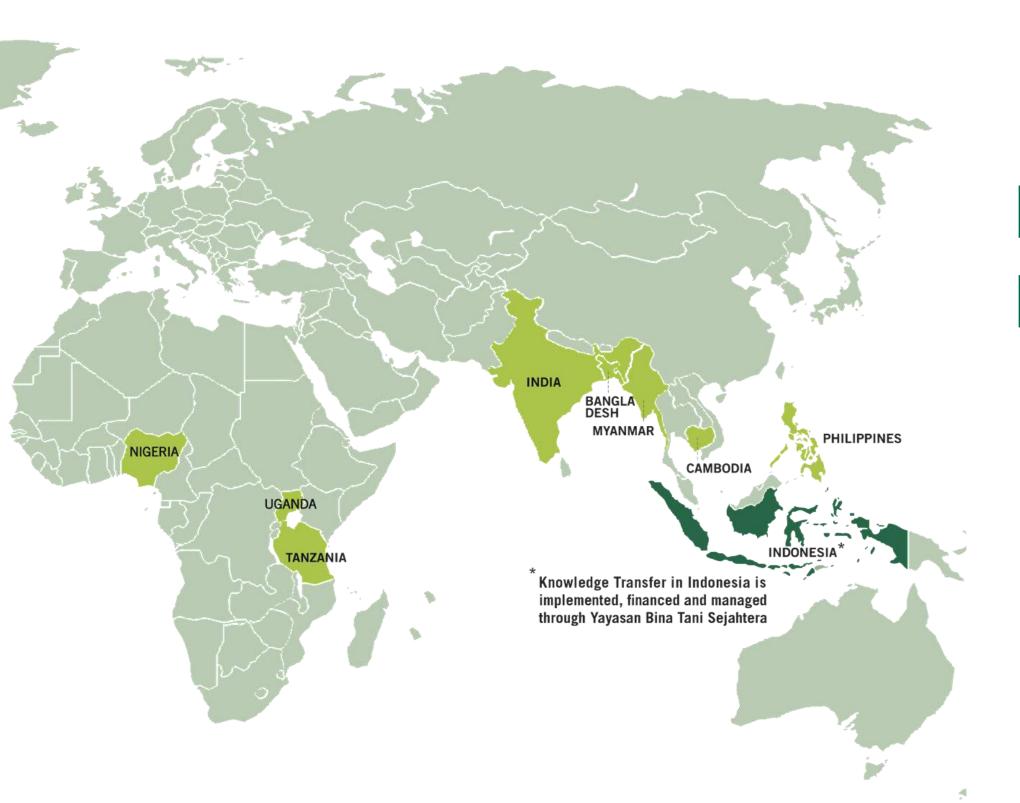
- High germination rate
- Resistance to disease (i.e bacterial wilt)
- Tolerance to abiotic stress in changing climates (i.e heat stress during flowering, drought stress)
- Increased vigour and uniformity
- Higher yields
- Marketable traits (increasing farmers competitive position)











Better skills for Better Yields

- Non-profit foundation of East-West Seed
- Partly funded by East-West Seed
- We work in areas where farmers struggle with poorquality yields, and where we see the potential for future agricultural-input markets to develop
- Mission: to improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers by sharing knowledge on profitable and sustainable production practices
- Over the last 5 years we have trained 300,000 farmers
- Aim to train 1 Million farmers by 2025

Knowledge Transfer in Nigeria

- Active in Nigeria since 2018
 - Directly trained more than 95,000 farmers
 - Over 30,000 reached through digital media
 - Over 12 million reached through the radio weekly
- Working on two project in Kano and Kaduna:
 - SDGP (2019) together with Solidaridad, WUR, AB University and MoA facilitate the development of a sustainable and inclusive horticulture sector that contributes to food and nutrition security in Nigeria by increasing productivity, market access, and financial services to smallholder farmers (136,000 farmers)
 - Increase the productivity of the domestic vegetable sector by bringing knowledge, new varieties, and adapted technologies from the private sector and evidence-based knowledge and skills from reputable universities (60,000 farmers)



KT approach is field-based and practical in nature





Demonstration Field



Training Farmer Advisors



Field Days



Partnership and Capacity Building of Agro Dealers



Training of Farmers



Market Assessments



Extension Materials



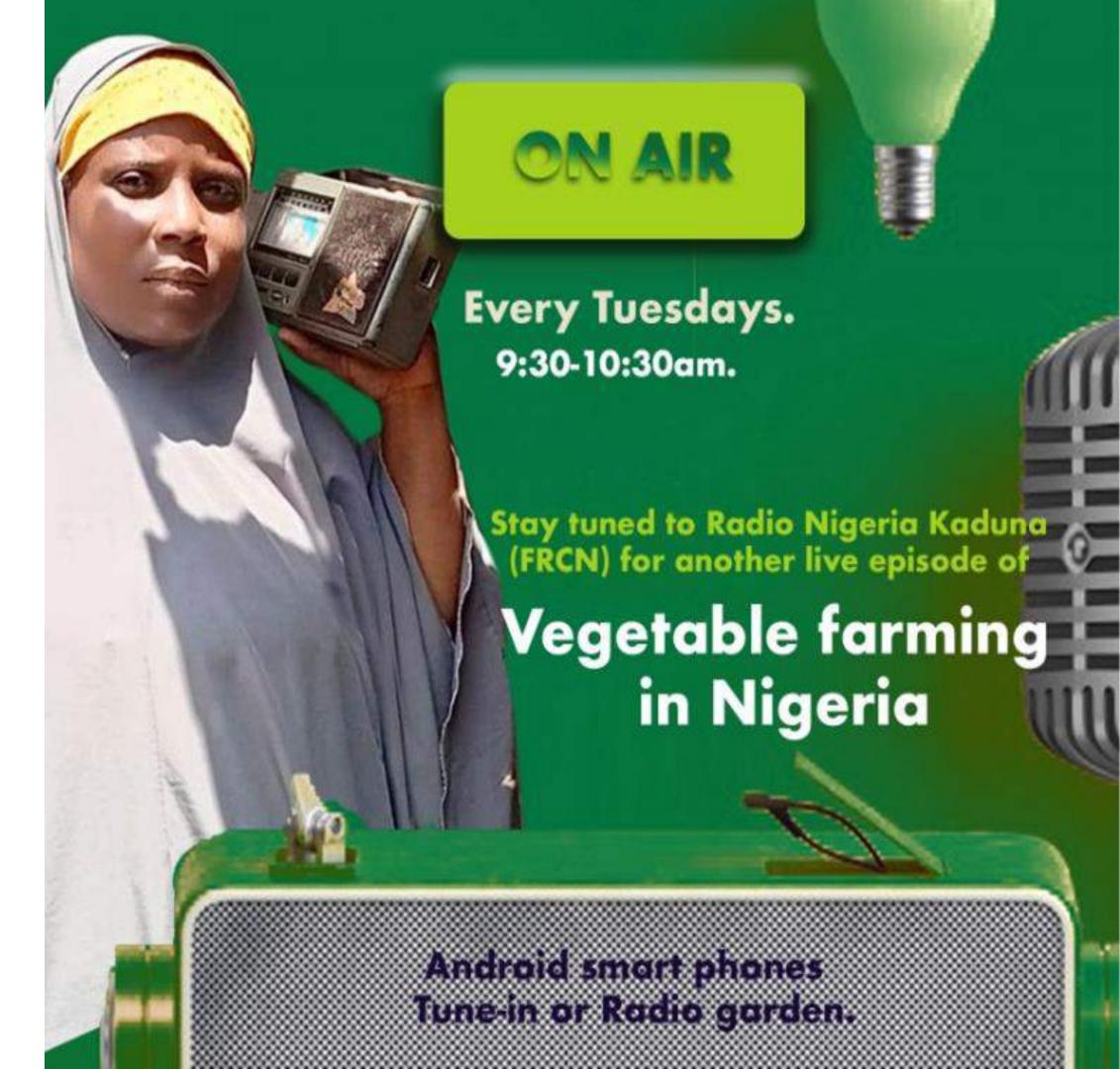
Radio and other digital media platforms



Digital

We utilise digital solutions both as a way to complement the knowledge that farmers gain from our field-based activities and as a means to spread this experience to a wider network of farmers

- GrowHow is our digital platform that provides full public access to a wide range of extension materials
- Social media platforms and groups Facebook,
 Youtube, Whatsapp
- Radio program broadcasted in a renowned Hausa radio station which covers over 19 states
- Mobile learning solutions and Apps: Funzi & Kucheza





Impact



Nigeria	#Demo plot	Yield/ 500sqm (Kilo)	Cost/ 500sqm (USD)	Return/ 500sqm (USD)	Benefit/ 500sqm (USD)	Duration of production (Day)	Income/ day (USD)	Net income/ day (USD)
Cabbage	51	1748	47.65	312.11	264.47	90	3.47	2.94
Cucumber	26	1772	51.95	341.27	289.32	75	4.55	3.86
Okra	76	488	30.92	145.35	114.43	70	2.08	1.63
Tomato	100	1794	52.91	584.80	531.89	120	4.87	4.43

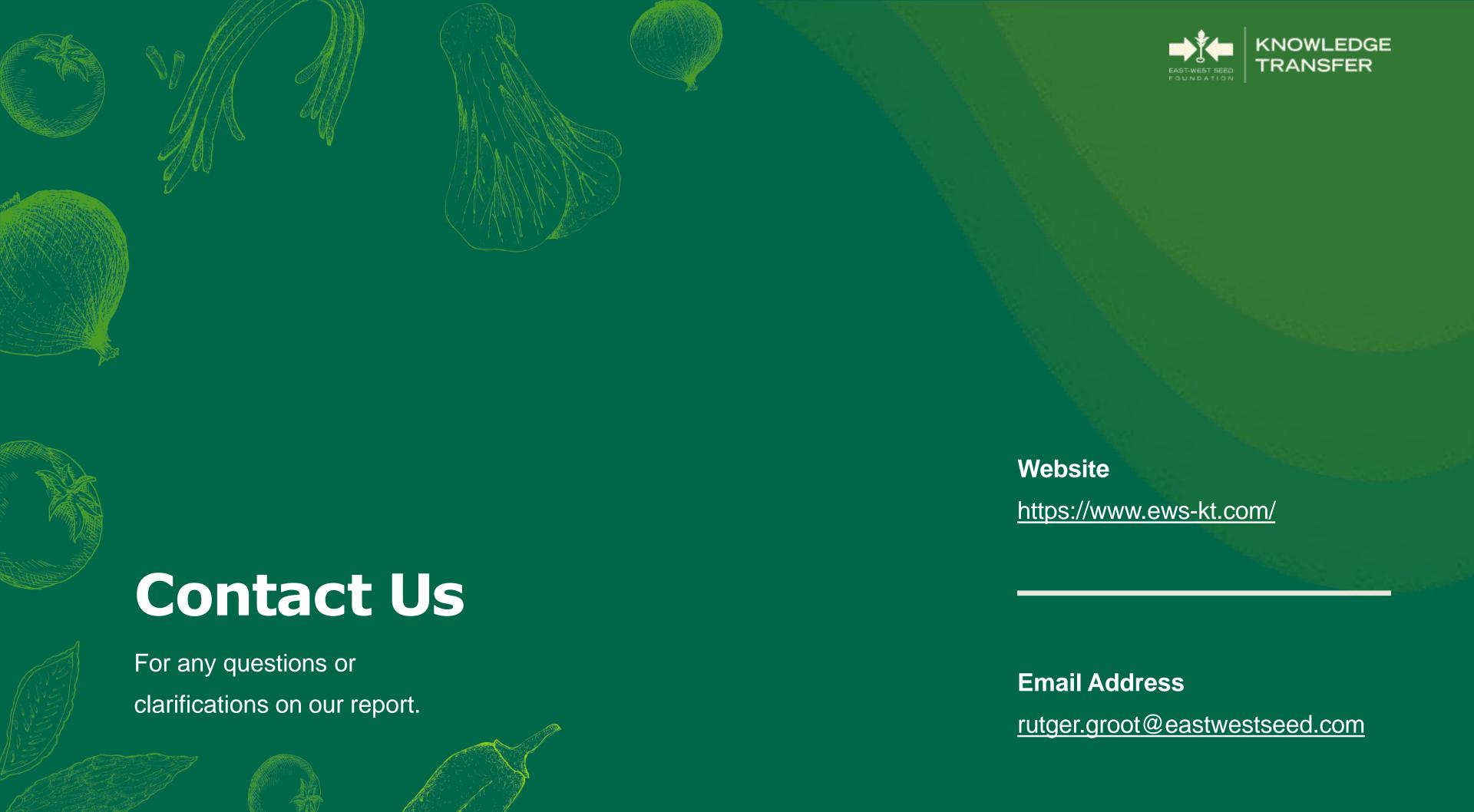
• Farm records ROI of demonstrations



Unlock the opportunities in the agricultural sector What has worked well for EWS-KT?

- A long term approach; Knowledge transfer as a long term strategy for market development
- Collaboration with the government
- Forming strategic partnerships
- Using local teams that have experience in operating in their communities
- Integrating the high percentage of women and youth
- Increasing reach through the radio, digital and print media







Panel



Tunde Ayodeji
Keshinro
Sales Manager Nigeria
MS Schippers



Rutger Groot
Chairman EWS Knowledge
Transfer Foundation &
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EWS

East-West Seed



Mia McKenzie

MATCH Project Focal Point

IOM the Netherlands







THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

FOR QUESTIONS ON THE MATCH PROJECT, PLEASE CONTACT

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